## **Space Weather Activities in Germany**

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Institute of Communications and Navigation







### **Review of institutions**

**DLR Institutes** 

Institute of Communications and Navigation & German Remote Sensing Data Center, Neustrelitz Institute of Aerospace Medicine, Cologne

Geo Research Center (GFZ), Potsdam German Space Situational Awareness Centre (GSSAC), Kalkar

Institute of Atmospheric Physics, Kühlungsborn Institute for Astrophysics, Göttingen

Leibniz Institute for Astrophysics Potsdam (AIP), Potsdam

Leibniz-Institute of Atmospheric Physics (IAP), Kühlungsborn

Max Planck Institute for Solar System Research (MPS), Göttingen

**Technical University of Munich** 

University of Kiel

University of Leipzig



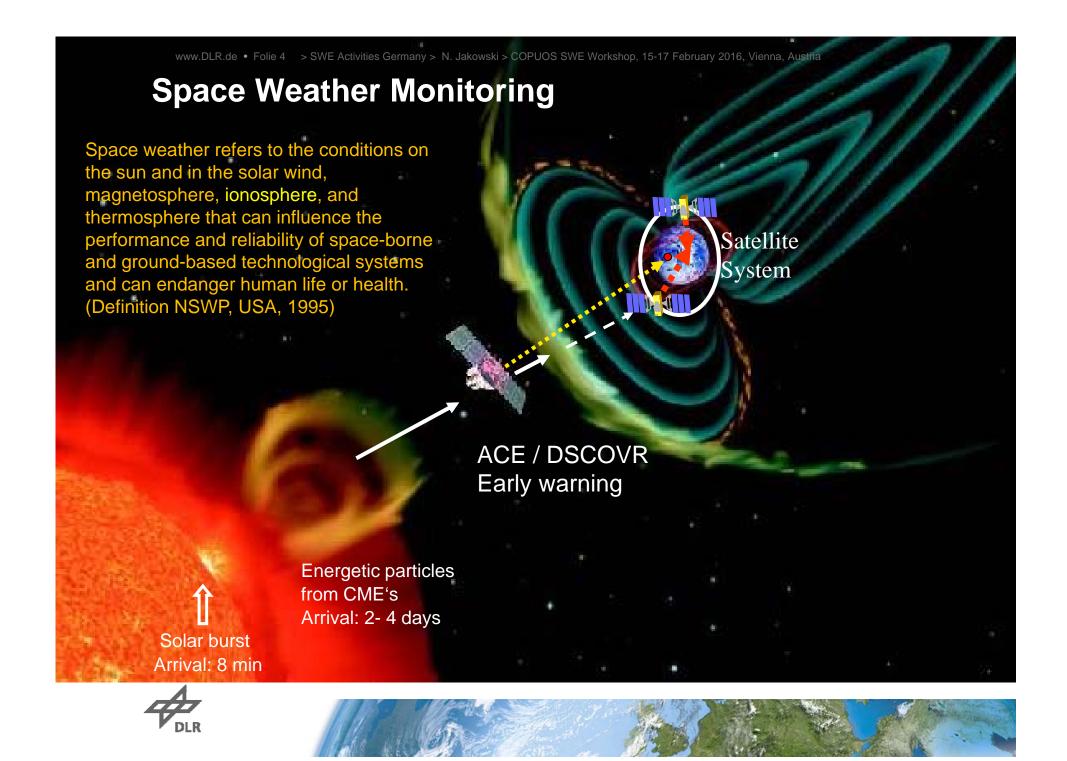
### 4th National Space Weather Workshop at DLR



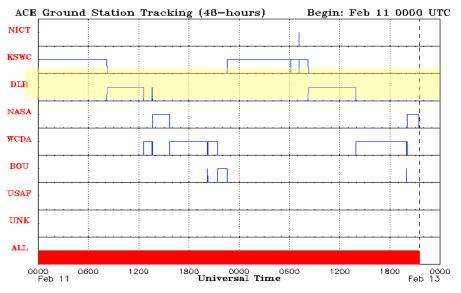
4<sup>th</sup> National Space Weather Workshop, organized by the German Aerospace Center in Neustrelitz

- 4th National Space Weather Workshop has demonstrated national capabilities in space weather research and activities to provide space weather services focusing on ionospheric weather and geomagnetic activity.
- The workshop participants have discussed aspects of a national space weather strategy and international cooperation.
- Related conclusions and recommendations initiated the elaboration of a national position paper on space weather currently being prepared taking into account the UNISPACE +50 process.





### **ACE/DSCOVR Reception at DLR Neustrelitz**



- Advanced Composition Explorer (ACE) at Lagrange point L1 (1.5 Mill. km distance from the Earth)
- DLR Neustrelitz contributes operationally to the Real Time Solar Wind Network of NOAA
- Deep Space Climate Observatory (DSCOVR) will replace ACE

Updated: 2016 Feb 12 21:30 UTC

NOAA/SWPC Boulder,CO US.





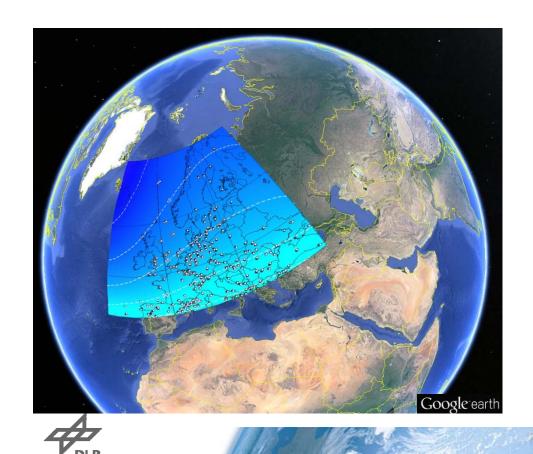


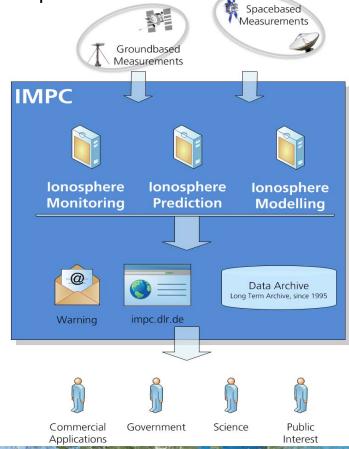
DSCOVR launch on Feb. 11, 2015

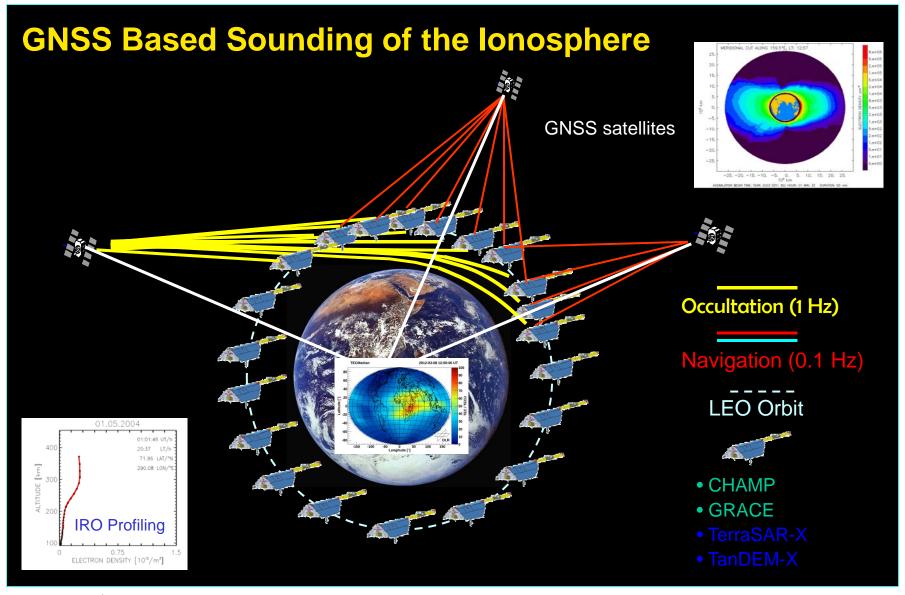


### "Ionospheric Monitoring and Prediction Center" (IMPC)

Establishment of the IMPC is based on the heritage of the former project "Space Weather Application Center Ionosphere" (SWACI) that has essentially been supported by the state government of Mecklenburg-Vorpommern.



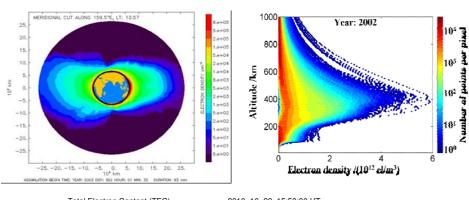


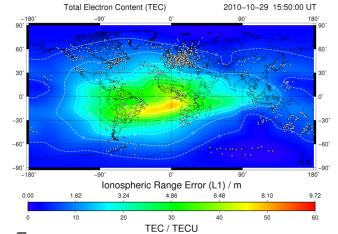




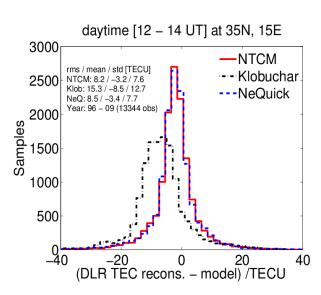
### **Ionospheric Modeling**

### Data base for ionospheric modelling





## TEC model NTCM-GL (Neustrelitz TEC Model - global)

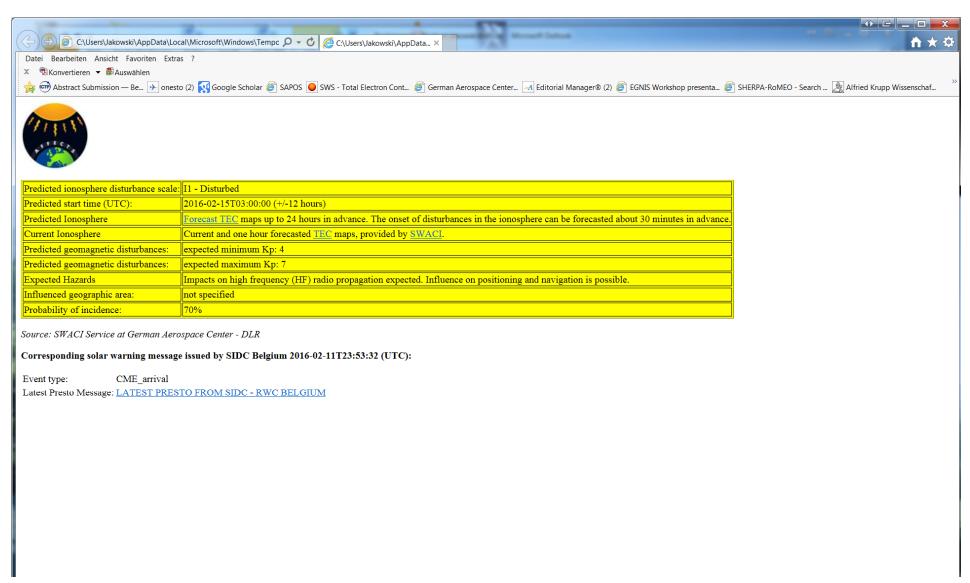


**Klobuchar**: current correction model for GPS **NeQuick**: correction model for Galileo

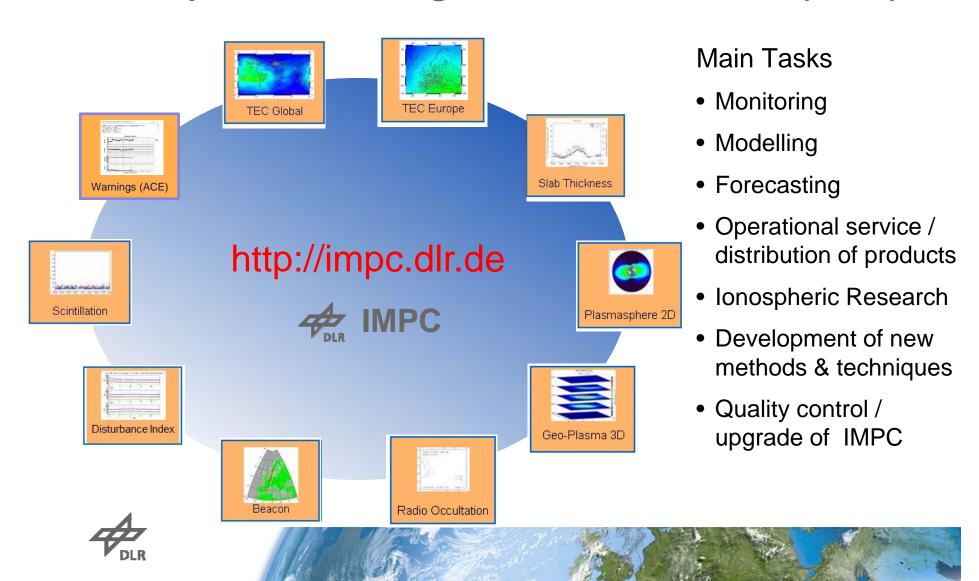
[Jakowski et al., JOGE, 2011]



### **Ionospheric Weather Warning & Forecast**



### **Ionosphere Monitoring and Prediction Center (IMPC)**



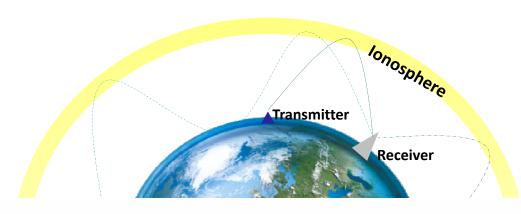
### National / international coordination and collaboration

- Data exchange and international cooperation are crucial for operating the IMPC
- DLR is involved in the Space Weather European Network (SWENET) of ESA
- DLR maintains relationships to numerous international facilities in the space weather domain, e.g. NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center (USA), NMA (Norway), SANSA (South Africa), Jaxa (Japan), Bahir Dar university (Ethiopia) ...
- SWACI/IMPC products and expertise is applied in numerous national and international research-, infrastructural- and educational projects funded by EC, ESA and federal agencies.

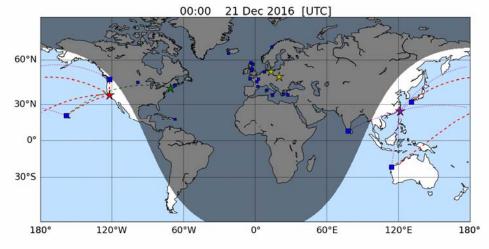




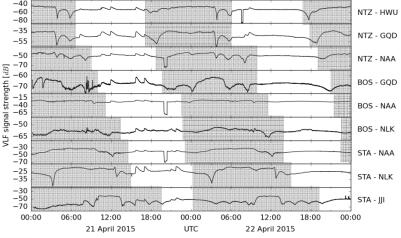
### Global Ionospheric Flare Detection System (GIFDS)



- Solar flares modify the ionospheric state that impacts terrestrial and transionospheric radio communication
- DLR is establishing a global VLF receiver network for continuously receiving information on the occurrence of solar flares by recording and analyzing VLF measurements

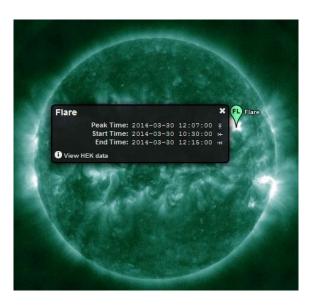


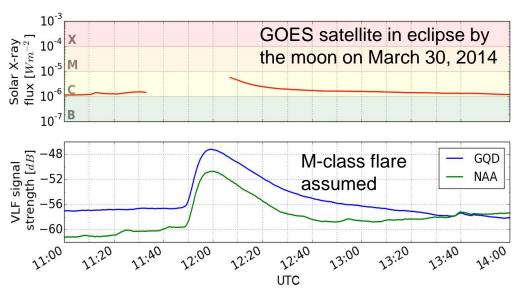
[Wenzel et al., JASTP, 2016]

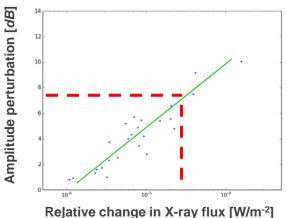




### X ray flares - VLF signal amplitude of GIFDS









The same measurement technique is applied in the students project "Solar Flares by Ionospheric Effects" (SOFIE) led by the DLR School\_Lab Neustrelitz.

GIFDS and SOFIE participate in the International Space Weather Initiative (ISWI).

# 6<sup>th</sup> International Space Weather Camp 2016 UA Huntsville, SANSA/Hermanus, DLR/Neustrelitz



### Geo Research Center (GFZ) Potsdam

- Provision and analysis of space weather products based on ground based geomagnetic observations from a global network (Kp-index, local geomagnetic variations from a network of global observatories - e.g. in mid and low latitudes)
- Identification, development and provision of Space Weather products from LEO satellites, such as ESA's Swarm constellation mission (Germany (GFZ) is prime in a ESA' feasibility study for Swarm space weather application, example products: TEC, ionospheric irregularities, geomagnetic variations, among other products)
- Modelling and observation of magnetospheric radiation belts and ring current activity





### Geo Research Center (GFZ) Potsdam



- Fifth Earth Explorer Mission of ESA
- Three satellites, launched 22/11/2013
  Satellite A & C i: 87.4°, h: 470km
  - 160 km distance
- Satellite B: i: 86.8°, h: 510km

earth.esa.int

### **Space Weather Products**

- High-precision magnetic field
- Electron and ion density and temperature
- Ion drift velocity, electric field (2Hz)
- Radial and magnetic-field-aligned currents
- Equatorial "bubble" index (plasma depletions)
- Dayside equatorial eastward electric field
- Slant Total Electron Content
- Thermospheric density and winds
- Magnetic signal of magnetospheric currents (Dst-like)
- Magnetic field models
- Mantle conductivity (1D-3D)



### Leibniz Institute for Astrophysics Potsdam (AIP)

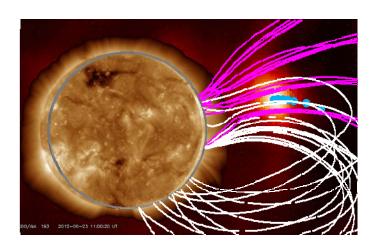
### Physics of the Sun

Determination of the evolution of magnetic structures in the solar atmosphere with optical observations; coronal plasma processes studied by solar radio physics

Coordination of the Key Science Project Solar Physics and Space Weather with LOFAR: **LOw Frequency AR**ray

European antennae array for interferometry by super-computational treatment of the data stream.

- 30 240 MHz
- 22 core stations in NL



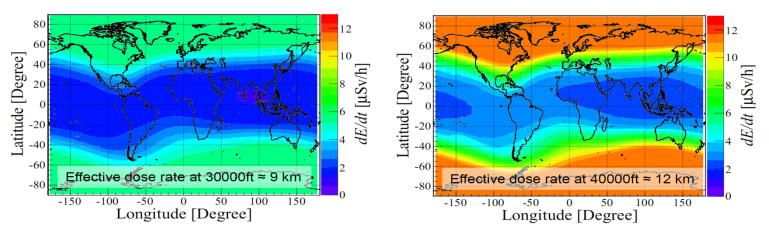




### **DLR Institute of Aerospace Medicine**

### Radiation Biology

Relevant aviation and space travel questions with regard to the effects of radiation on humans and the biosphere. Experimental and theoretical conditions necessary to provide effective protection from radiation in aviation and space flight.



Dose rate based Space Weather Index D can be determined using measurements or model calculations.

Several models which permit a near real-time assessment are already available or under development, e.g. PANDOCA.



### **University of Göttingen – Institute for Astrophysics**



## Thank you for your attention!

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